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Portfolio and Performance Review The Swiss Helvetia Fund, Inc.

Presentation to the Annual General Meeting Stefan Frischknecht, Fund Manager

Agenda

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Performance

Performance Q2 2022 and YTD 2022

NAV and price performance in USD

Net asset value

Performance in USD %	YTD 2022 (Jan-Aug)	3 months	1 year	3 years p.a.	5 years p.a.
NAV (US GAAP) as per quarterly filings	-21.15%	-6.84%	-18.50%	4.10%	4.32%
Swiss Performance Index, SPI	-20.15%	-7.75%	-17.53%	5.63%	6.29%
Difference NAV	-1.0%	+0.91%	-0.97%	-1.53%	-1.97%

Share price

Difference	-1.78%	-2.33%	-2.18%	-1.60%	-2.94%
Swiss Performance Index, SPI	-20.15%	-7.75%	-17.53%	5.63%	6.29%
Share price SWZ	-21.93%	-10.08%	-19.71%	4.03%	3.35%
Performance in USD %	YTD 2022 (Jan-Aug)	3 months	1 year	3 years p.a.	5 years p.a.

Source: Schroders, fund performance as published on website (www.swzfund.com); August 31, 2022.

Performance shown represents past performance. Past performance is no guarantee of future results and current performance may be higher or lower than the performance shown.

Performance comment

Driving factors for relative performance of NAV

Recent 3 year and 5 year period:

Relative performance has lagged the benchmark due to style:

Our investment philosophy in Swiss equities builds on three style biases: Quality, Value and smaller capitalization.

- Quality, especially balance sheet strength and lower debt/equity ratios have tended to outperform. This has helped, however the two other factors have been much more dominant.
- Value: there have been numerous empirical studies that have supported the argument that value stocks outperform
 the general market. We acknowledge that the past 5 years approx. have been dominated by growth; the MSCI
 Switzerland Growth has outperformed its Value counterpart by almost 12% in local currency (CHF) over the past 5 years.
 We do not see this as a sign of a breakdown of previously observed factor returns, but rather as a good starting point to
 emphasize value as there is a large catch-up potential currently.
- Small & medium sized companies: we believe it is more likely to find mis-priced stocks in this market segment that has less observers than to spot them among closely followed large cap companies. Furthermore, we think a small or medium sized company, often acting in a niche, has more room to outgrow the market, which also helps it to outperform the benchmark index. However, over the past 5 years, the index for Swiss Small & Medium Sized stocks (SPI EXTRA Total Return) has underperformed the Swiss Performance Index, SPI by 17.5% in local currency (CHF).
- Furthermore, illiquid privately held investments that were entered into by our predecessors, and which cannot be exited, have also acted as a drag on performance.

YTD

- While our value bias has been a positive, small & medium sized companies have underperformed.
- The individual effects have led to a NAV performance more or less in line with benchmark, and to -1.0% after costs
- Outperformance over last 3 months give us confidence that we are well positioned.
- We have been using our new line of credit in July and August with a positive contribution to relative performance

Source: Schroders, fund performance as published on website (www.swzfund.com), Bloomberg for index performance, August 31, 2022; year-to-date performance as at August 31, 2022. Performance shown represents past performance. Past performance is no guarantee of future results and current performance may be higher or lower than the performance shown.

Performance attribution – stock level

Top & Bottom 10 contributions to relative performance YTD 2022

Top ten public stock contributions (USD)

		Total effect %
Sika	(Under)	+0.4
Givaudan	(Under)	+0.3
Aryzta	(Over)	+0.3
Straumann	(Under)	+0.3
Lonza	(Under)	+0.3
Credit Suisse	(Under)	+0.2
Bkw	(Over)	+0.2
Sig Group	(Over)	+0.2
Zurich Insurance	(Over)	+0.1
Alcon	(Under)	+0.1

Bottom ten public stock contributions (USD)

	Total effect %
(Over)	-0.6
(Over)	-0.5
(Over)	-0.5
(Over)	-0.2
(Over)	-0.2
(Under)	-0.2
(Over)	-0.2
(Over)	-0.1
(Under)	-0.1
(Over)	-0.1
	(Over) (Over) (Over) (Under) (Over) (Over) (Over) (Over)

Source: Schroders, Aladdin Explore, August 31, 2022; "over" means overweight; "under" means underweight compared to Swiss Performance Index; "zero" means no position.



Portfolio positioning

As per August 31, 2022

Top ten holdings absolute

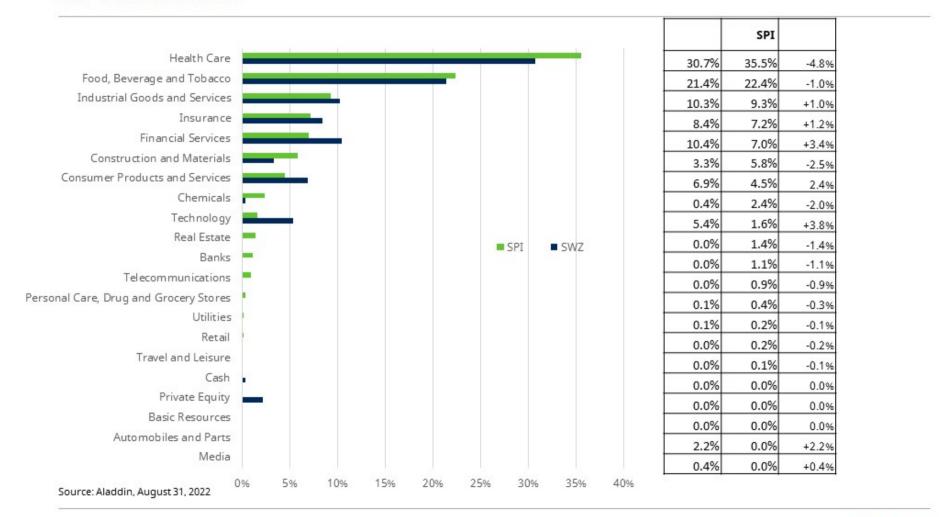
	Absolute weight
Nestlé	21.5%
Roche	12.9%
Novartis	10.6%
Richemont	5.0%
Zurich Insurance	4.4%
Partners Group	3.0%
UBS	2.3%
Logitech	2.3%
Swiss Life	1.9%
SIG Combibloc	1.9%
Total	65.8%

Top relative weights

	Relative weight %
Arytza	+1.8%
Logitech	+1.8%
Partners	+1.6%
Tecan	+1.4%
BKW	+1.4%
Roche	-2.3%
Alcon	-2.1%
Novartis	-1.9%
Holcim	-1.6%
Swiss Re	-1.4%

Source: Schroders, Bloomberg, August 31, 2022

ICB classification



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Changes in positioning year-to-date August 2022

New Positions
Givaudan
Kuehne & Nagel

Increased Positions	
AMS	
Arytza	
Baloise	
BKW	
Comet	
Forbo	
Idorsia	
Logitech	
Lonza	
Medacta	
Nestlè	
OC Oerlikon	
Partners Group	
Richemont	
Sika	
Straumann	
Tecan	
VAT	

Decreased Positions
ABB
Novartis
Roche
Schindler
SFS
SIG Combibloc
Sonova
Swatch
Swiss Life
Swissquote
UBS
Zurich Insurance

Sold Positions
Alcon
Cembra Money Bank
Credit Suisse
SGS

Source: Schroders, August 31, 2022

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Select metrics regarding value, quality and small & mid caps

Portfolio characteristics

		Swiss Performance Index	Swiss Helvetia Fund
	P/E 2022 est	17.0X	16.7x
Value	P/E 2023 est	15.4x	15.1x
	Price/book	2.1x	2.9x
Quality	Net debt to equity	30.1%	4.5%
Quality	Goodwill to equity	41.3%	37.1%
Small & Mid Caps	Small & Mid Caps weight	19.1%	30.8%

Source: Aladdin, Bloomberg, Schroders, August 31, 2022.

Key statistical measures

Risk measures (ex private equity)

	August 31, 2022	August 31, 2021
Tracking error	2.2%	2.2%
Beta	1.01	1.03
Relative VaR (95%)	1.0%	1.0%
Volatility	18.0%	17.2%
Active share	29.5%	29.3%

Portfolio turnover

	Swiss Helvetia Fund
Turnover in % of AuM YTD August 2022	10.5% / 18.3%

Turnover calculation method: (lesser of buys or sells) / (average AuM) (sells) / (average AuM)

Source: Schroders, Aladdin View, August 31, 2022.



Outlook

Outlook & market situation

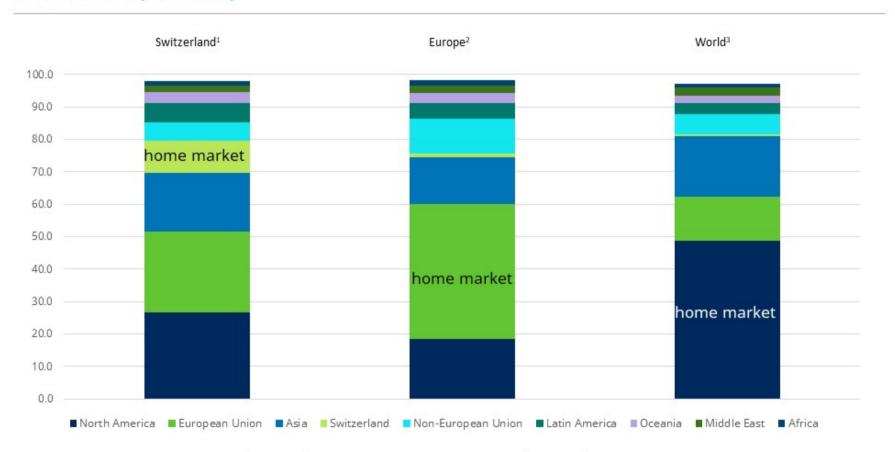
Positives and negatives

	Positives	Negatives
	 Corporate earnings relatively resilient but with more uncertainty Stocks offer an attractive dividend and some inflation protection We find again a 'normal' number of cheap stocks, while at end of 2021 these were rare 	 Corporate earnings outlook more uncertain Stagflation (risk) is not good for equities as it erodes demand and threatens margins General exogenous risks (such as an escalation of trade or conventional wars)
•	 Many market leaders Low inflation in international context More resilient balance sheets Swiss companies benefit from diversified global economic exposure 	- Worsening of EU – CH relations

Source: Schroders. Views expressed are the portfolio management team's view and not necessarily a «house view». These views are subject to change.

Swiss companies are very international

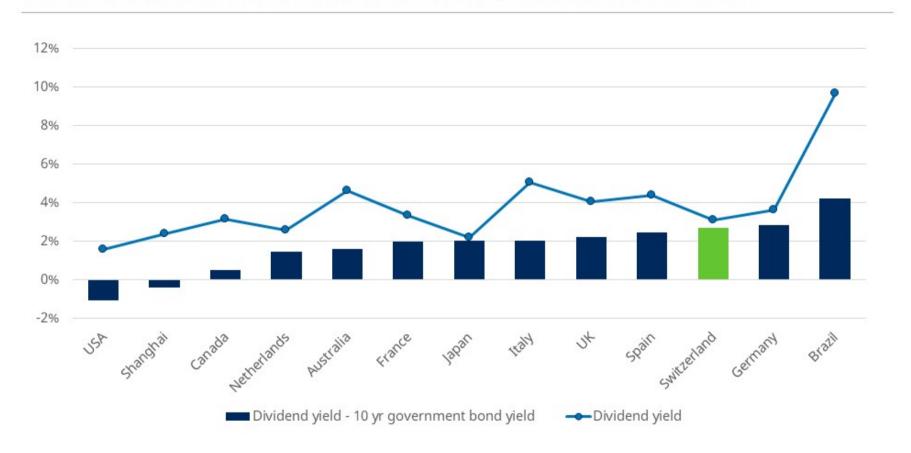
Revenues by country



¹ Swiss Helvetia Fund; ² Schroders European Fund (GB67812001); ³ Schroder Global Enhanced Index Fund QEP (GB71659001). Difference from 100% is due to cash holdings and unmatched geographies Source: Schroders, August 31, 2022.

Investment outlook

Global comparison of dividend yield versus government bond yield



Source: Schroders, Bloomberg, July 31, 2022

Investment outlook

Global comparison of earnings expectations



Source: Schroders, Bloomberg, August 26, 2022; all earnings converted into USD.



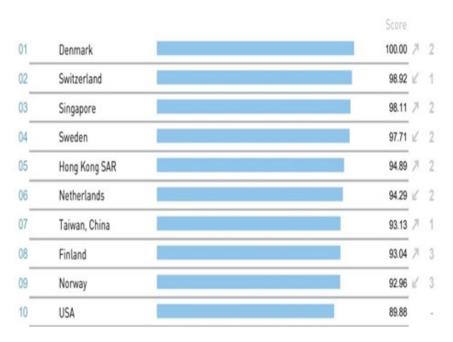
Case for Switzerland

Why are Swiss equities attractive?

- The Swiss stock market has a large proportion of global market leaders (not only among large corporations), with competitive advantages
- High innovation rate
- Global diversification helps in the current environment of synchronized growth
- Generally strong ESG performance and absence of "sin stocks"
- Swiss companies remained competitive despite the historic appreciation of the Swiss franc
- The difference between dividend yield and 10 year government bond yield stands out

Source: Schroders. Views expressed are the portfolio management team's view and not necessarily a «house view». These views are subject to change.

Switzerland offers an attractive business environment

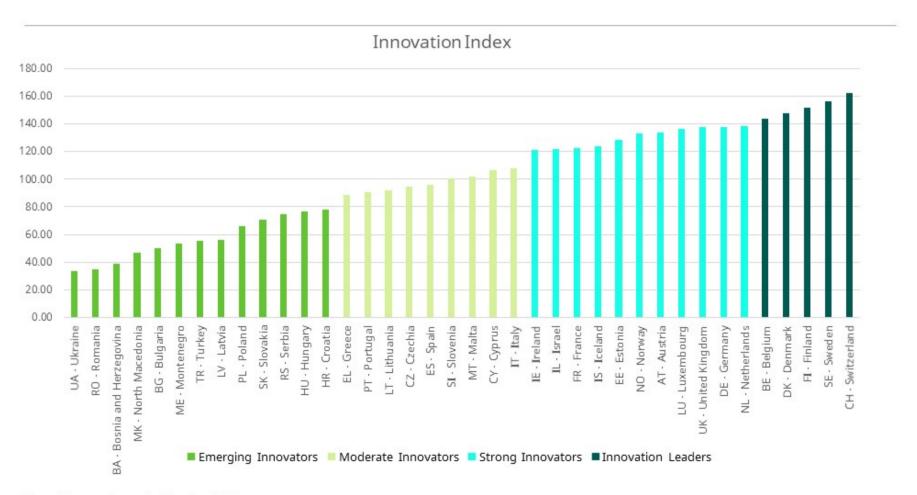


The International Institute for Management
Development has been looking into drivers of
competitiveness and prosperity in 63 economies.
Amongst others, the following help explain the
strong position of Switzerland:

- Domestic economy
- Infrastructure
- Governance efficiency
- Productivity & business efficiency
- Labor market
- Tax policy

Switzerland has been ranked within the top 4 economies over the last 5 years.

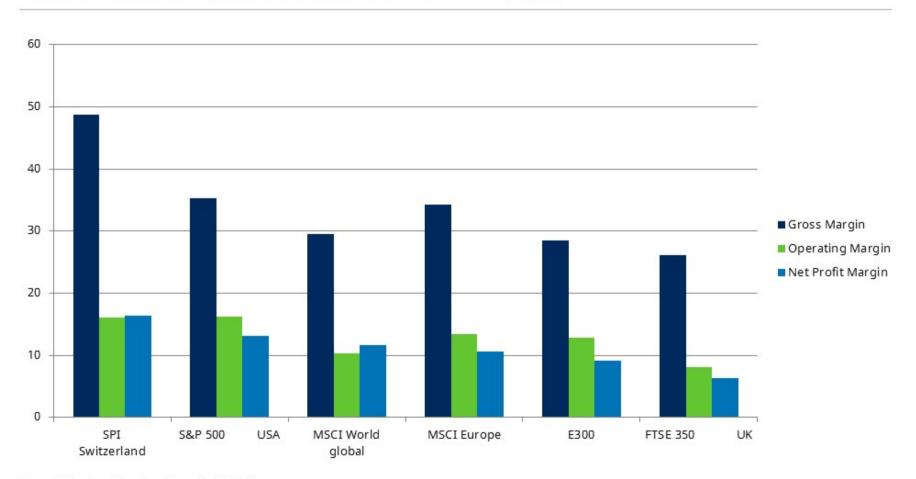
Switzerland is an innovation leader



Source: European Innovation Scoreboard 2021

Global leadership results in high profitability

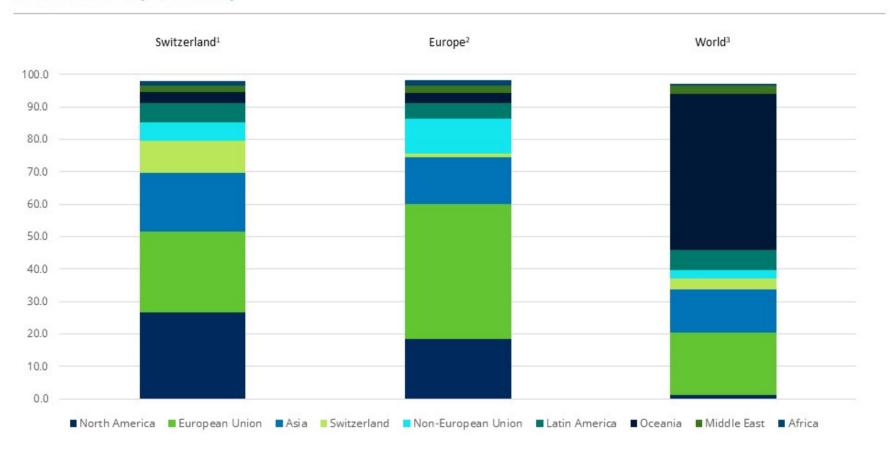
Swiss company leadership transforms into margins



Source: Schroders, Bloomberg, December 31, 2021.

Swiss companies are very international

Revenues by country



Source: Schroders, August 31, 2022. Country / Regional revenue distribution is represented by the following funds, which with the exception of the Swiss Helvetia Fund, Inc are not available to US investors: 1 Swiss Helvetia Fund; 2 Schroders European Fund (GB67812001); 3 Schroder Global Enhanced Index Fund QEP (GB71659001).

Long term outperformance of Swiss equities



Source: Schroders, July 31, 2022. All data in USD. Views expressed are the portfolio management team's view and not necessarily a «house view». These views are subject to change. Performance shown represents past performance. Past performance is no guarantee of future results and current performance may be higher or lower than the performance shown.

-500%

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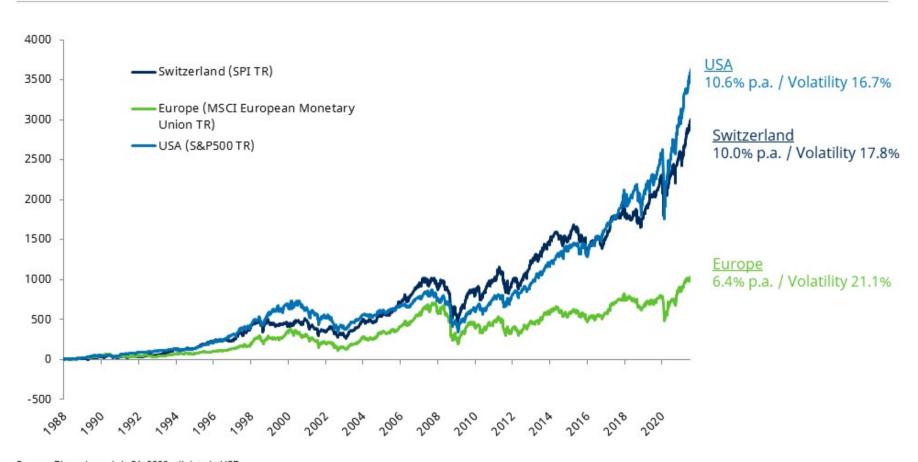
CHF appreciation is nothing new

- Swiss companies are used to an appreciating Swiss Franc.
 - High efficiency and strong focus on productivity gains
 - High innovation rate
 - Market leaders in their respective niches
 - Global production footprint provides a substantial natural hedge
 - Solid balance sheets
- Sharp moves in exchange rate (as happened in 2011 and 2015) had short term impacts that were successfully absorbed after 1-2 years in terms of margin recovery



Swiss Equity Market

Attractive risk / return profile compared to Europe



Source: Bloomberg, July 31, 2022, all data in USD.

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Swiss Equity Market

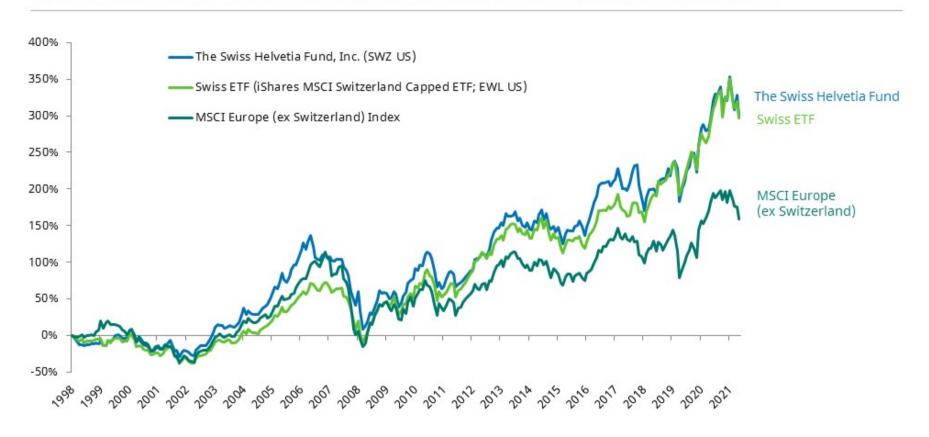
World's Top Countries by Market Cap

		Mkt Cap (US\$ trillion)
1	USA	40.7
2	China	12.2
3	Japan	6.7
4	Hong Kong	6.1
5	France	5.4
6	United Kingdom	3.6
7	Canada	2.6
8	India	2.6
9	Saudi Arabia	2.4
10	Germany	2.3
11	Korea	2.2
12	Switzerland	2.0
	Top 10	78.8
	World	83.5

Source: Bloomberg, World Bank, December 31, 2020.

Performance of The Swiss Helvetia Fund

Compared to ETF and European Index since introduction of the EURO



Source: Schroders, Bloomberg July 31, 2022.

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Important information

The Fund is a closed-end investment product. Common stock of the Fund is only available for purchase/sale on the NYSE at the then current market price. An investment in the Fund is not a deposit of a bank and is not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other government agency.

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All investments, domestic and foreign, involve risks, including the risk of possible loss of principal. The market value of a fund's portfolio may decline as a result of a number of factors, including adverse economic and market conditions, prospects of stocks in the portfolio, changing interest rates, and real or perceived adverse competitive industry conditions. Investing overseas involves special risks including among others risks related to political or economic instability, foreign currency (such as exchange, valuation, and fluctuation) risk, market entry or exit restrictions, illiquidity, and taxation. The Swiss securities markets have substantially less trading volume than the U.S. securities markets. Additionally, the capitalization of the Swiss securities markets is highly concentrated. Securities of some companies located in Switzerland will be less liquid and more volatile than securities of comparable U.S. companies. This combination of lower volume and greater concentration in the Swiss securities markets may create a risk of greater price volatility than in the U.S. securities markets.

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Definitions: Active share represents the proportion of stock holdings in the Fund that is different from the properties found in the benchmark. Beta measures the sensitivity of the Fund to the movements of its benchmark. Volatility is measured by Standard deviation, which is the risk or volatility of an investment's return over a particular time period; the greater the number, the greater the risk or volatility. Tracking error is the difference between the price behavior of a position or a portfolio and the price behavior of a benchmark. VaR is Value at Risk, a widely used risk measure of the risk of loss on a specific portfolio of financial exposures.

For more information, visit www.swzfund.com